

Department of Decision Sciences

Statistics Seminar

## Local Proper Scoring Rules

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Thursday, 26 May 2011

12:30pm Room 3-E4-SR03 Via Röntgen 1 Milano

### Abstract

A scoring rule  $S(x, Q)$  measures the quality of a quoted distribution  $Q$  for an uncertain quantity  $X$  in the light of the realised value  $x$  of  $X$ . It is proper when it encourages honesty, i.e, when, if your uncertainty about  $X$  is represented by a distribution  $P$ , the choice  $Q = P$  minimises your expected loss. Traditionally, a scoring rule has been called local if it depends on  $Q$  only through  $q(x)$ , the density of  $Q$  at  $x$ . The only proper local scoring rule is then the log-score,  $-\log q(x)$ . For the continuous case, we can weaken the definition of locality to allow dependence on a finite number  $m$  of derivatives of  $q$  at  $x$ . A characterisation is given of such order- $m$  local proper scoring rules, and their behaviour under transformations of the outcome space. In particular, any  $m$ -local scoring rule with  $m > 0$  can be computed without knowledge of the normalising constant of the density. Parallel results for discrete spaces will be given.