



Department of Decision Sciences

Statistics Seminars

Scaling ResNets in the large-depth regime

G rard Biau

Sorbonne University

Thursday, 25th May 2023

12:00 pm **Room 3-E4-SR03** Via Roentgen 3 Milano**Abstract**

Deep ResNets are recognized for achieving state-of-the-art results in complex machine learning tasks. However, the remarkable performance of these architectures relies on a training procedure that needs to be carefully crafted to avoid vanishing or exploding gradients, particularly as the depth L increases. No consensus has been reached on how to mitigate this issue, although a widely discussed strategy consists in scaling the output of each layer by a factor α_L . We show in a probabilistic setting that with standard i.i.d. initializations, the only non-trivial dynamics is for $\alpha_L = \frac{1}{\sqrt{L}}$ —other choices lead either to explosion or to identity mapping. This scaling factor corresponds in the continuous-time limit to a neural stochastic differential equation, contrarily to a widespread interpretation that deep ResNets are discretizations of neural ordinary differential equations. By contrast, in the latter regime, stability is obtained with specific correlated initializations and $\alpha_L = \frac{1}{L}$. Our analysis suggests a strong interplay between scaling and regularity of the weights as a function of the layer index. Finally, in a series of experiments, we exhibit a continuous range of regimes driven by these two parameters, which jointly impact performance before and after training.

Joint work with A. Fermanian (Califrais), P. Marion (Sorbonne University), and J.-P. Vert (Owkin)